Amendments for Auxiliary Nurses and Midwives syllabus and regulation

Duration of the course:

The total duration of the course is 2 year (18 months + 6 months internship)

First Year:

i.	Total weeks	- 52 weeks
ii.	Vacation	- 4 weeks
iii.	Gazetted holiday	- 2 weeks
iv.	Preparatory holidays and exam	nination - 3 weeks
v.	Teaching hours in weeks	- 43 weeks
Total te	aching hours - 43	weeks x 40 hours/week = 1720 hr

Second year (including internship)

i.	Total weeks	- 52 weeks
ii.	Vacation	- 4 weeks
iii.	Gazetted holiday	- 2 weeks
iv.	Preparatory holidays and examination	- 2 weeks
v.	Teaching hours in weeks	- 44 weeks

Total teaching hours - 44 weeks x 40 hours/week = 1760 hrs

COURSE OF STUDY

FIRST YEAR :

S.No	NURSING COURSE	CLA	SSROOM HO	OURS	17	WDD	
	Course title and description	Theory	Demonstratio	n Total	Hospital	Community	
i.	Community health nursing	120	50	0 170	10	100	
ii.	Health Promotion	120	_			100	1
	A. Nutrition	35	75	220	20	180	20
	B. Human Body &	35	20	00			-
	Hygiene.	35	20	55			+
	C. Environmental Sanitation	20	15	35			
ii.	D. Mental Health	30	10	40			
11.	Primary Health care nursing –I	130	150		90		
	A. Infection and immunization	25	20	45		300	39
	B. Communicable Diseases.	40	25	65			
	C. Community health problems.	30	50	80			
	D. Primary medical care	20	20	40			
	E. First aid and referral.	25	35	60			-
(Child Health Nursing	75	110	105			
I	Cotal Hours	455	385	185	80	100	180
			365	835	200	680	880

TOTAL = 1720 Hours

SECOND YEAR (First 6 months)

NURSING COURSE		CLASSROOM HOURS			EXPERIENCE		
S.No.	Course title and description	Theory	Demonstration	Total	Hospital	Community	Total
V.	Midwifery	200	160	360	220	160	380
vi.	Health Center Management	40	40	80		60	60
	Total Hours	240	200	440	220	220	440

Total 880 Hours

SECOND YEAR (Internship period)

	NURSING COURSE	EXPERIENCE				
S.No.	Course title and description	Hospital	Community	Total		
i.	Midwifery	240	240	480		
	Antenatal ward	- 40				
	Intranatal/labour room	120				
	Post natal ward	40				
	Neonatal care unit	40				
II.	Child Health	80	160	240		
III.	Community Health and Health center management		160	160		
	Total Hours			880		

Total = 880 hours in the internship period

Grand Total = 1760 hrs.

Guidelines for internship:

- a. The ANM students (in a group of 4-5) should be posted in the sub center/primary health center with a regular ANM for one month/4 weeks for supervised independent practice in the community which should be residential.
- b. The students should participate in all the National Health and Family Welfare programs during their clinical experience.
- c. At least 80% of all the clinical requirements should be completed before appearing for the final (Second year) examination.
- d. The principal of the ANM school should certify for each student that she has undergone successfully the internship program, 100% clinical requirements and acquired the requisite competencies as listed in the syllabus before the award of the certificate/diploma by the state nursing councils/examination boards.
- e. The casebook and competency record book should be completed and signed by the competent authority of the school.

Scheme of Examination

Theory and practical examinations at the end of the first year

	Total	500	300	
Practical II	Child health Nursing	100	100	
Practical I	Community Health Nursing and health promotion	100	100	
Theory Paper IV	Child Health Nursing	75	25	3 hrs
Theory Paper III	Primary Health Care Nursing	75	25	3 hrs
Theory Paper II	Health Promotion	75	25	3 hrs
Theory Paper I	Community Health Nursing	75	25	3 hrs
Paper	Course	External Assessment	Internal Assessment	Duration

Grand total for first year 800 marks

Theory and practical examinations at the end of the Second year

Paper	Course	External	Internal	Duration
		Assessment		Duration
Theory Paper V	Midwifery	75	25	3 hrs
Theory Paper VI	Health Centre Management	75	25	3 hrs
Practical III	Midwifery	100	100	
Practical IV	Primary health care and health center management	100	100	
	Total	350	250	

Grand total for second year 600 marks

Venue for Practical Examination:

 Govt. District only (if the District Hospital is not having School or College of Nursing attached to the District Hospital) even then practical examination of 2nd year ANM students should be conduct at District Hospital.

2. All the ANM Schools run by Government or Private Schools in the District, their examination will be conducted on.

3. If large number of private Schools exist in the District, proper planning and phasing to be done by examination board to cover all students.

Widwifery

Expected competency	Hospital Experiences	Community Experiences
Assessment and care of normal pregnant woman	 Detecting pregnancy using pregnancy testing kit. Registration of antenatal mothers. Pre conception counseling Measuring the blood pressure, pulse and fetal heart rate, checking for pallor and edema and determining the fundal height, fetal lie and presentation accurately. Hemoglobin estimation and testing urine for protein and sugar Examine 20 antenatal women (in the hospital and community) Provide IFA supplements and administer TT injection to 10 women. 	Community Experiences Registration and management of vital events registers. Conduct antenatal examinations at home Participate in antenatal clinics in the sub-center Malaria testing for pregnant mothers. Counseling on birth preparedness, complication readiness, diet and rest, infant feeding, sex during pregnancy, domestic violence
Conduct normal delivery Recognize different degrees of tears give emergency care and refer.	 Maintain midwifery case book Conduction pelvic assessment to determine pelvic adequacy. PV examination 5 Plotting the partograph and deciding when to refer the women. Conduction 10 safe deliveries (in the hospital and community), with active management of the third stage of labour, using infection prevention practices, Assist in the suturing of 5 episiotomies and tears 	and contraception. Conduct deliveries in the community (health centers preferably and home)
• Assessment and care of postnatal mothers and newborns	Provide essential care of the newborn 10 Basic resuscitation of the newborn 5 Managing/counseling on post-partum care and	Follow up of 10 postnatal mothers for 10 days with at least 3 home visits. Care of newborns

Assessing and referring mothers at risk	breast feeding problems Counseling for kangaroo mother care Care of postnatal mothers 10 (in the hospital and community) Conduct health education for groups of mothers and individuals – 3 each Follow infection prevention and biomedical waste management in the labour room and sub center Identify high-risk mothers and give care Prepare for caesarean section -2 Observe caesarean section -2 Observe abnormal deliveries 5 Prepare for MTP and observe procedure -2 Take care of women with abortion -2 Insert an intravenous line. Insert a urinary catheter in women Preparation and administration of magnesium sulphate injection. Preparation and administration of oxytocin drip. Bimanual compression of the uterus for the management of PPH Care of mother with HIV. Digital removal of retained products of conception for	groups of mothers and individuals -2 each Integrate the accepted practices of AYUSH • Do a case study of complicated childbirth in the village • Conduct a village meeting for emergency transport of women at risk • Identify and refer women with unwanted pregnancy for MTP • Interview any 10 women and list reasons for unsafe motherhood and abortion • Identify high risk mothers 5 and newborns 5 and refer them to the higher center
• Counsel	incomplete abortion. Provide post abortion care. Counseling of	Counsel eligible

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- ehgible couples about different methods of contraception
- Prepare acceptors for sterilization and IUCDs
- Direction of cervical cancer
- mother/couples for family planning.
- Prepare and assist for sterilization of 5 female and 2 male cases (in the hospital or community)
- Insertion of intra uterine devices and prescription of contraception of contraceptives.
- Perform 2 IUCD insertions (in the hospital or community)
- Distribute oral pills -5
- Demonstrate the use of condoms and distribute condoms -5
- Visual inspection of the cervix and taking a pap smear test -2

- couples on different methods of contraception
- Perform 2 IUCD insertions (in the hospital or Community)
- Distribute oral pills -5
- Demonstrate the use of condoms and distribute condoms -5
- Visual inspection of the cervix and taking a pap smear test -2

Clinical requirements to be completed during the internship period :-

In addition to practicing and gaining competency in the above mentioned skills, the students are expected to complete the following requirements during the internship period:

Expected competency	Hospital and community experiences
Assessment and care of normal pregnant woman	 Examine 15 antenatal women (in the hospital and community)
Conduct normal delivery Recognize different degrees of tears give emergency care and refer.	 Conducting pelvic assessment to determine pelvic adequacy. PV examination 5 Conducting 10 safe deliveries (in the hospital and community), with active management of the third stage of labour, using infection prevention practices. Assist in the suturing of 5 episiotomies and tears
Assessment and care of postnatal mothers and newborns	 Provide essential care of the newborn -10 Basic Resuscitation of the newborn -5 Care of postnatal mothers 10 (in the hospital and community)
 Assissing and referring mother at risk 	Take care of women with abortion -2
 Counsel eligible couples about different methods of contraception Prepare acceptors for sterilization and IUCDs Detection of cervical cancer 	 Prepare and assist for sterilization of 5 female and 2 male cases (in the hospital or community) Perform 3 IUCD insertions (in the hospital or community) Distribute oral pills -5 Demonstrate the use of condoms and distribute condoms -5
 Management of sick neonates and children (IMNCI) 	Assessment and care of 5 sick neonates and 5 sick children as per the IMNCI protocols.

Clinical requirements to be completed during the 2nd year :-

Competency	1st 6 months of 2nd year	Internship	Total during 2nd year
ANC	20 (hospital + Community)	15 (Hospital + community)	35 (hospital + community)
Conducting normal deliveries with AMTSL	10 (Hospital + community*)	10 (Hospital + community)	20 (Hospital + Community)
Assist suturing of Episiotomy/tears	5	5	10
Care of new born	10	10	20
Basic resusc. Of normal new born	5	5	10
P/V Examination	5	5	10
Postnatal cases	10 (hospital + Community)	10	20 (hospital + community)
Management of sick neonates and children (INCI)	-	5+5	5+5
IUCD insertion	2	3	5

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING

Theory - 120 hours

Demonstration - 50 hours

Total - 170 hours

Learning objectives:

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe the concept of community health, primary health care.
- 2. Understand health policies, plans and programmes of the country.
- 3. Understand the concept of community.
- 4. Appreciate the role of the health team.
- 5. Demonstrate home visit techniques and practices in the community
- Describe structure, function, characteristics and administrative set up of a community.
- Identify leaders, resources persons, community-based organizations, NGOs, and local resources.
- 8. Identify community health needs and problems
- Describe concepts and methods of communication for health information.
- Describe the purposes, principles and methods of health counseling.

Unit 7	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
Pan.	10		Define health and explain its dimensions Last determinants of health Define Primary Health Care Last components of Primary Health Care and their application within a community	Concept of Health Health and its changing concepts. Dimensions of health Determinants of health Primary health care, definition components, significance, community, application	Lecture discussion. Posters.
2.	10		Describe health concepts and practices of community Enumerate health related cultural beliefs and practices.	Community Health practices Health concepts of people and health care providers. Health behaviours, beliefs and cultural practices of community. Ethics and behaviour related to community practices. Method of home visiting.	Lecture discussion. Practice session. Demonstration
3.	15	5	Describe National health problems Explain specific health programmes at National state and community levels	Health problems and policies • Overview of health problems of communities in India	Lecture discussion

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
				Trends and development in national health programmes and policies National health programmes and its implementation at community level. Role and functions of Accredited Social health Activists(ASHA). Anganwadi worker. Dat etc.	Participate in national health and family welfare programs Field Visits. Village. Subcenter. Primary health center. Community health center.
4.	10	5	Explain the organization of health services at different levels Describe the referral system. Explain the Role of National and International health agencies and Non-Governmental Organisations	Health Organization Organization of SC. PHC, CHC and district hospital. Organization of health care delivery system at different levels Referral system Health agencies: International: WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, UNDPA, World Bank, FAO, DANIDA, European Commission, Red Cross, US aid, UNESCO, Colombo Plan, ILO, CARE etc.	Lecture discussion. Field Visits to various available organizations.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching - Learning
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Activities
				National: Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for Child welfare. Family planning association of India etc Non-Governmental organizations	
5.	5	2	Describe health team with special focus on the ANM\ FHW	Role of health team. Team concept and Functions of the health team Role and Responsibilities of ANM \ FHW Code of ethics for ANM	Lecture discussion. Observation of activities rendered by the health team members.
6.	10	5	Describe physical structure of village and urban area Identify social groups, organizations and leaders Explain administrative set up at the village	Structure of community Rural community Characteristics, changes in the village community development, major rural problems Urban Community-Characteristics, changes and adjustments to urban environment, major urban problems Village, Physical structure	Lecture discussion. Field visits: village mapping, slum mapping, resource mapping. Drawing of Panchayat structure and urban wards. Listing of formal and informal.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
				 Administrative set up: Function of Panchayat 73st and 74st amendments to Constitution and role of Panchayat in health. Structure of an urban community slum Social groups organizations, leaders Community resources 	leaders, groups in the community. Visit to a village and meet Panchayat members, visit block office. List their role in health care.
7.	10	5	Describe the interaction between different groups and communities within the village Describe social traditions and customs in the village.	Dynamics of community Social processes individual and process of socialisation Interaction between different social groups in the village. Traditions and customs and their influence on health. Social stratification: influence of Class, Caste and Race on health and health practices Family and marriage: Types Changes & legislations on family and marriage in Indiamarriage acts	Lecture discussion. Interaction with different groups in the village. Prepare a list of different customs and traditions.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -	
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities	
8.	20	6	Demonstrate methods of community need assessment	Community need assessment Scope and Methods of community need assessment Survey: Planning Preparation of tools: questionnaires, interview schedules, check list etc Community survey: Principles and methods: data collection, conducting interviews, focus group discussions (FGD) and case studies Participatory learning for action(PLA) Analysis of data, Preparation of report	Lecture discussion. Preparation of questionnaire Field visits/community: Conduct survey.	
9.	20	15	Explain the concept, principles and methods of communication Prepare simple and low cost aids of communication. Conduct health education	Communication methods & media Principles. Methods and Process of communication. Inter personal relationship (IPR): communication	Lecture discussion. Demonstration of different methods of communication Role/Play.	

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -	
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Continue	Learning Activities	
				with different groups and health team members. Types and use of AV aids Use of local folk methods and media for disseminating health messages. BCC(Behavioural change communication). IEC(Information. Education and communication): Aims. Scope. concept and approaches Teaching learning process, concept characteristics, steps of learning. characteristics of learner Principles. methods of teaching Planning of health education activities: Role and responsibilities of ANM's/Health workers in BCC	Prepare health messages using different media and methods. Preparation of IEC material. Practice using one folk method. Preparation of health education plan Conduct BCC session. Evaluate and follow up of health education.	

Unit	Tim	ne (Hrs.) Expected Contents	Contents	Teaching -	
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Activities
10.	5	5	Explain concept and principles of counseling Describe the technique of counseling Describe role of counsellor	and Techniques of	 Lecture discussion. Conduct counseling session and follow up.
11	5	2	State health conditions where rehabilitation is required. List the various resources available in a community.	Community based rehabilitation Health Conditions needing rehabilitation Community Resources available Educate individuals, family and community.	Lecture discussion Case discussion

- Health organizational chart.
- Return demonstration of home visit.
- Field visits
- Preparation of IEC material
- Demonstration of counseling technique.
- Village mapping.
- Community survey.

HEALTH PROMOTION

Theory - 120 hours

Demonstration - 75 hours

Total - 195 hours

Learning objectives:

On completion of the course the student will be able to :

- Explain importance of nutrition in health and sickness.
- 2. Promote nutrition of a individual, family and community
- 3. Explain principles of hygiene and its effect on health.
- 4. Describe hygiene for self and individuals.
- 5. Describe importance of environmental sanitation and waste management.
- 6. Promote mental health of individual, family and community

A. Nutrition

Theory - 35 hrs.

Demonstration - 30 hrs.

Total - 65 hrs.

Unit	Tim	ne (Hrs.) Expected		Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
1	10	5	 List essential nutrients Describe classification of food and their nutritive values and functions. Explain importance of nutrition in health and sickness. 	Essential nutrients Importance of nutrition in health and sickness Essential nutrients, functions, sources and requirements Classification of foods and their nutritive value	 Lecture discussion. Explain using Models and Charts. Exhibit raw food item showing balanced diet

Uni	Time	e (Hrs.) Demo	Expected outcomes	Contents	Teaching - Learning Activities
			for different age	Normal requirements at different ages. Balanced diet for different age group	
2.	10	5	malnutrition and nutritional	Nutritional problems Nutritional deficiencies: Deficiencies. correction. treatment and referral – protein energy malnutrition Vitamin and mineral deficiencies: Nutritional anaemia in women Under five nutrition The role of ANM's/FHW/AWWs in supplementary food. Special diets of individuals for different age group.	Lecture discussion. Visit ICDs project and discuss the program. Explain usir Models and Charts. Planning die for anemic women and other deficiency conditions
(2)	3. 5	5	Assess nutritional status of individual and family. Identify local foods for enriching diet. Identify good food habits from	Nutritional assessment • Methods of nutritional assessment of individual and family: mother and child	Lecture discussion. Demonstrat Field visits

Unit	Time (Hrs.)		Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th. De	Demo	outcomes	y division of the second	Learning Activities
			harmful food fads and customs.	Identification of local food sources and their value in enriching diet. Food fads, taboos, customs and their influence on health.	
4.	10	15	Plan diet for a family Counsel for improving diet of the family. Demonstrate safe preparation and cooking methods. Explain methods of safe	Promotion of nutrition Planning diets and special diets for a family Methods of using locally available foods for special diet Principles and methods of cooking Promotion of kitchen gardens Food hygiene and safe preparation Storage and preservation Food adulteration Precautions during festivals and Melas.	Lecture discussion. Plan diet for the family assigned. Health education. Visit a milk pasteurization plant. Demonstration of various methods of cooking.

Cooking of special diet.

Nutrition education to a group.

Planning diet of a family assigned.

B. Human body and hygiene

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Theory} &-35 \ hrs. \\ \textbf{Demonstration} &-20 \ hrs. \\ \textbf{Total} &\cdot 55 \ hrs. \\ \end{tabular}$

Barrier .	Tim	ime (Hrs.) Expected Contents	Contents	Teaching -	
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	outcomes	Learning Activities
Ped .	20		Describe the structure and functions of the various systems of body State functions of different organs.	The human body Structure and functions of human body. Body systems and their functions – digestive system respiratory system, genito urinary system, cardiovascular system, nervous system, muscular system, endocrine system, special sensory organs.	Lecture discussion. Identification of body parts. Explain using Models and Charts.
2.	. 5	15	Understand importance of personal hygiene for self and individuals health. Care for sick to maintain their personal hygiene and comfort	Hygiene of the body Personal and individual hygiene Care of mouth, skin, hair and nails. Sexual hygiene Menstrual hygiene. Hygiene and comforts needs of the Sick: Care of skin: Bath sponging, back care, care of	Lecture discussion. Demonstration

Unit	Tim	Time (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
				pressure points, position changing. Care of hair: hair wash Care of hand and nails: hand washing Care of eyes: eye wash, Mouth care: Elimination Care of bowels and bladder	
3.	5	5	State the basic human needs. Explain importance of fulfilling these basic needs.	Optimal functioning of the body Basic human needs Rest, sleep, activity, exercise, posture etc Food, eating and drinking habits Participation in social activities. Self-actualisation and spiritual need. Interpersonal and human relations Lifestyle and healthy habits.	Lecture discussion. Health education regarding healthy life style.

- Preparation of anatomy practical book
- Return demonstration of personal hygiene including care of various organs of body.

C. Environmental Sanitation

Theory - 20 hrs.

Demonstration - 15 hrs.

Total - 35 hrs.

DOTTON SAL	Tim	ne (Hrs.) Expected	Contents	Teaching -	
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
1.	5	2	Explain the importance of basic sanitation at home and in the community.	Environmental Sanitation Environment and ecology for healthy living: basic sanitary needs. Air. sunlight and ventilation. Home environment : smoke, animals, water, drains and toilets etc.	Lecture discussion. Case study.
2.	5	4	 Describe the importance of safe water for health. Describe methods of purifications of water. 	Safe water Sources of water & characteristics of safe water - sources of contamination and prevention. Purification of water for drinking : methods- small and large scale. Disinfections of well, tube well tank and pond in a village. Waterborne diseases and prevention.	mapping: water sources, drains, ponds and

linit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th. 1	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
3.	5	4	 Explain the importance of safe disposal of waste and its role in prevention of diseases. State the hazards due to waste 	Disposal of excreta and waste. • Methods of excreta disposal - types of latrine. • Handling animal excreta. • Methods of waste disposal • Hazards due to waste	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Visit to sewage disposal unit and sanitary latrine
4.	5	5	Involve community in sanitation activities. Educate community for safe disposal of different types of waste.	Community participation Drainage and preparation of soak pits. Maintaining healthy environment within and around village – cleaning and maintenance of village drains, ponds and wells. Common waste, excreta and animal waste – disposal in the village.	health centre

- · Purification of water at home, community
- Disinfections of a well/tube well.
- · Construction of a small scale soak pit.
- Health education for use of sanitary latrine.

D. Mental Health

Theory - 30 hrs.

Demonstration- 10 hrs.

Total - 40 hrs.

Unit	Tim	ime (Hrs.) Expected	Expected	Contents	Teaching -	
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	The state of the s	Contents	Learning Activities
1.	10	2	Explain relationship between body and mind. Identify the factors necessary for normal mental health Educate for promoting mental health.	Mental Health Concept of mental health Body-mind Relationship. Factors influencing mental health. Characteristics of a mentally healthy person. Developmental tasks of different age groups Different defense mechanisms	Lecture discussion. Observation. Use of questionnaire to do assessment for mental health status.	
2.	3	2	 Identify causes of maladjustment Educate family in solving problems. 	Maladjustment Features of a maladjusted individual. Common causes of maladjustment. Counselling an individual, family and community.	Lecture discussion. Demonstration of counselling for maladjusted individual in the community.	
3.	12	4	Identify signs of mental illness.	Mental illness • Identify abnormal behaviours.	Lecture discussion.	

Unit	nit Time (Hrs.)			Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
			Identify them early and refer. Guide family members in home care Counsel for prevention of mental illness.	Types of mental illnesses and treatments. Early detection and referral of mentally ill Prevention of mental illness Home care and counselling Refer psychiatric emergencies.	Visit to a mental hospital/ clinic.
4.	5	2	 Explain process of ageing. Identify characteristics of elderly Provide need based care. 	Old age care Process of ageing – physical, psychological changes. Needs and problems Care of elderly at home. Rehabilitation and agencies of caring elderly.	Lecture discussion. If available visit an old age home.

- · Assessment of mental health status of Individual
- Care plan for an elderly person at home.

PRIMARY HEALTH CARE (PREVENTION OF DISEASE AND RESTORATION OF HEALTH)

Theory - 130 hours

Demonstration - 150 hours

Total - 280 hours

Learning objectives:

On completion of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Explain concept of infection and causation of diseases.
- 2. Describe body defense mechanisms and development of immunity against diseases
- 3. Perform immunization effectively.
- 4. Describe different methods of disinfections and sterilization.
- 5. Describe common communicable diseases and their management.
- 6. Explain prevention of common communicable diseases and their control.
- Describe care of the sick in community with common ailments and refer if required.
- 8. Explain recognition of conditions related to different body systems.
- 9. Describe and demonstrate routes of administration of drugs
- List common drugs used for emergencies and minor ailments, their indications, dosage and actions

A. Infection and Immunization

Theory - 25 hours

Demonstration - 20 hours

Total - 45 hours

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contenta	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
1.	2	-	Understand concept of occurrence of diseases Describe classification of diseases.	Concept of disease. Concept and definition of illness Disease causation Classification of diseases.	Lecture discussion. Explain using Charts.
2.	4	2	 Understand process of infection. Describe characteristics of microbes Narrate methods of spread of infection State factors affecting spread of infection. 	Infection • Meaning and types of infection. • Causes of infection • Classification and characteristics of micro organisms: Pathogenic and Non-pathogenic • Incubation period and spread of infection – transmission • Factors affecting growth and destruction of microbes.	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using microscope.
3.	6	2	Understand body defence mechanism State types of immunity	Immunity and body defense mechanisms Body's defense mechanism Immunity – concept	Lecture discussion. Demonstration Field visits for cold chain.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
			Describe different types of vaccine and their preservation.	 Hypersensitivity: Antigen antibody reaction Types of immunity Types of vaccines Storage and care – cold chain maintenance. 	
4.	6	4	State immunization schedule Give immunization Organize immunization camps Prepare articles for immunization Participate in special drives.	Immunization against different infections – immunization schedule	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Posters on immunization schedule Visit immunization camp/outreach camp.
5.	2	4	Collect specimens correctly Handle body discharges safely	Collection of specimen • Principles and methods of	Lecture discussion. Preparation of malaria slide.

Unit	Time	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
			Give health education for disposal of body discharges.	collection of specimens and handling body discharges. Collection of specimens of blood, sputum, urine, stool Safe disposal of body discharges.	 Collection of sputum. Collection of urine and stool. Labeling of the specimens. Visit to the laboratory
6.	3	6	Explain difference between antisepsis. disinfection and sterilization Describe the principles of antisepsis. disinfection and sterilization Perform disinfections and sterilization of various equipments	Disinfection and sterilization • Principles and methods of antisepsis, disinfection and sterilization • Methods of disinfecting different equipments • Methods of sterilizing different equipments	Lecture discussion. Demonstration Visit sterilization department of a hospital.
7.	2	2	Explain the methods of waste disposal	Waste Disposal • Waste disposals- infectious and non- infectious: concepts, principles, and methods at different levels	Lecture discussion Demonstration

- Demonstration of sterilization of syringes and needles/using pressure cooker/ small autoclave
- Demonstration of preparation of Malaria slides.

- · Techniques of vaccination
- Assignment on cold chain system.
- Prepare poster/chart on immunization schedule.
- Demonstrate different methods of waste disposable

B. Communicable Diseases

Theory - 40 hrs.

Demonstration - 25 hrs.

Total - 65 hrs.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Marian Salaman	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
1.	7	5	Understand epidemiological concept of occurrence of diseases. Describe levels of prevention and general measures for control of communicable diseases. Explain importance of Surveillance, notification, reporting.	Introduction to communicable diseases Common communicable diseases; Epidemiological concepts – Incidence and prevalence, mortality and morbidity. Levels of prevention Control and prevention of communicable diseases General measures Surveillance, isolation, notification, reporting.	Lecture discussion Calculation of mortality and morbidity for different diseases. Visit isolation unit Surveillance

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)			Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
2.	25	5	 Describe signs and symptoms of different communicable diseases. Explain preventive measures for different communicable diseases. Describe care and referral for different communicable diseases. 	Communicable diseases. Signs. Symptoms, care and prevention of the following: Diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, poliomyelitis, measles and tuberculosis Chicken pox, mumps, rubella, enteric fever, hepatitis, rabies, malaria, dengue, filaria, kala-azar trachoma, conjunctivitis, scabies, STDs and HIV/AIDS Encephalitis Leptospirosis Acute respiratory infections. Diarrhoeal diseases Worm infestations leprosy. Role and responsibilities of health worker/ANM	Lecture discussion. Visit infectious disease hospital / center. Demonstration Supervised Clinical Practice.
3.	6	8	State the principles of care or infectious cases. Enumerate Standard safety measures	Care in communicable diseases Care of patients with communicable diseases.	Lecture discussion. Demonstration Prepare health education messages

Unit	Tim	ime (Hrs.) Expected		Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
			Understand preventive measures Provide health education	Isolation methods. Standard safety measures (Universal precautions) Health education and messages for different communicable diseases. Role and responsibilities of health worker/ANM	Prepare chart on Standard safety measures.
4.	2	7	 Identify causes of epidemics Define role of health worker/ ANM in relief work. 	Epidemic Management Definitions and causes of epidemics. Epidemic enquiry in a community and epidemic mapping Relief work and role of health worker/ANM.	 Lecture discussion. Community mapping. Health Education.

- Preparation of surveillance report
- Conduct Health education
- Demonstration on :-
 - Standard safety measures in Nursing Practice

C. Community Health Problems

Theory - 30 hrs.
Demonstration- 50 hrs.
Total - 80 hrs.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	. Demo outcomes		Learning Activities	
1.	3	10	Identify common health problems in the community Perform health assessment of individual Render care to the sick at home Advise family members in care of sick	Common health conditions in the community – danger signs of illnesses. Health assessment:	Lecture discussion. Demonstration Supervised clinical practice. Health education
2.	3	8	Check and record vital signs Describe stages of fever	• Vital signs: Temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure	Lecture discussion. Demonstration

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.) Expected		Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
			List common conditions causing fever Provide care to patients with fever	Temperature maintenance and the physiology of fever Fever: Types and stages Causes of fever – common conditions causing fever, malaria, typhoid, Acute respiratory Infection(ARI) etc Nursing management of patient with fever Alternate system of medicine	Supervised clinical practice.
3.	4	6	 Enumerate causes, sign and symptoms respiratory problems Provide Care to patients with respiratory infections. State common home remedies and their application. 	Respiratory problems Common respiratory problems: types, classifications- cold and cough, ARI, Asphyxia, tonsillitis, asthma, bronchitis pneumonia and tuberculosis Causes, sign and symptoms, treatment of respiratory problems Management: Role and responsibilities of ANM/health workers in care of	Lecture discussion. Demonstration Demonstratior of steam inhalation, nasal drops, oxygen inhalation Health education

mit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching - Learning
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Activities
				patients with respiratory problems including Home care remedies. • Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH	 Lecture discussion Demonstration. Supervised clinical practice. Health education
4.	2	2	Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary.	Aches and pains Causes and nursing management of: Tooth ache, ear ache, abdominal pain, headache, joint pains. Management as per the standing orders and protocols Role of ANM/health worker in the community including Home care remedies Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH	discussion Demonstration Health education
5.	3	4	Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary	Digestive problems indigestion, anorexia, vomiting, distension and Constipation Haemorrhoids, hernia, ulcers and intestinal obstruction	Lecture discussion. Demonstration Health education

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
			Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary	Role of ANM/health worker in the community including Home care remedies. Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH	
6.	3	3	Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary.	Urinary problems Signs and symptoms of renal conditions Retention of urine, renal colic, edema Role of ANM/health worker in the community including Home care remedies. Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Health education
7.	3	93	Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary	Cardiovascular problem • Signs and symptoms of cardiac conditions and blood related problems: heart attack, chest pain, anemia, hypertension and leukemia • Care of a cardiac patient at home	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Health education

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
				Role of ANM/health worker in the community including Home care remedies. Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH	
8.	2	3	Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary	Diseases of the nervous system Signs and symptoms of neurological problems – Headache, backache and paralysis Care of a patient with stroke at home. Care of pressure points, back care changing of positions, active and passive exercises, body support to prevent contractures. Role of ANM/health worker in the community including Home care remedies. Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH	Lecture discussion. Demonstration Health education.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
9.	3	4	Identify cause and provide care and support Refer when necessary Give insulin injection Counsel for prevention of complications	Metabolic diseases Diabetes - signs and symptoms, complications diet and medications Skin care, foot care Urine testing and administration of insulin injection. Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Health education
10.	2	4	Identify the conditions provide care to relieve pain Prevent complications and refer	Diseases of musculo skeletal system • Signs and symptoms of sprain, tear of ligaments and arthritis. • Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Case study. Health education
11.	2	3	Identify need of handicapped Ensure need base care at home	Care of handicap Handicaps - different types Counselling for prevention of certain handicaps Understandings the handicapped person Helping family to ensure need based care	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Case study.

Demonstration of

- Urine testing for albumin and sugar.
- Urinary catheterization
- · Local application of cold and hot
- Plain water enema
- Checking of B.P. and TPR
- · Disease conditions.

D. Primary Medical Care

Theory - 20 hrs.

Demonstration - 20 hrs.

Total - 40 hrs.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
1.	5	4	Name different systems of medicine Understand abbreviations Calculate dosages of medicines Understand classification of drugs.	Types of drugs Different Systems of medicine: allopathic and AYUSH Classifications of drugs Forms and characteristics of drugs Abbreviations used in medication	 Lecture discussion. Calculation of dosage and conversion. Drug study.

Uni	t Tim	ie (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
				Administration of drugs: Policies and regulations, as per protocols and standing orders Calculation of dosage	
2.	5	10	Demonstrate administration of drugs Explain importance of observations and recording.	Administration of drugs Routes of administration – Oral, parentral (intradermal, intramuscular, subcutaneous, Intravenous), rectal, local and others. Administration of drugs: Precautions, principles Observations and recording.	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Practice session Preparation and administration of IV fluids as per protocol Preparation for blood transfusion as per protocol.
3.	5	2	Administer drugs for minor ailments Explain the care of drugs.	Drugs used in minor ailments Common drugs for fever, cold and cough, aches and pains etc. Drug kit in the subcentre, content and its use. Storage and care of drugs	Lecture discussion. Visit subcentre. Demonstration.

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Expected		Teaching -
	Th. Demo	outcomes	Contents	
4.	5 4	Administer emergency drugs following precautions.	Common emergency drugs • Methergine, misoprostol injection oxytocin, IV fluids, antibiotics, injection and magnesium sulphate deriphylline, avil and other antihistaminic, pethedine, vitamin K, antirabies vaccine, anti snake venoms as per the protocol • Precautions for administration • Storage and Care of emergency drugs	Activities Lecture discussion. Demonstration Drug study.

- Preparation of list of common drugs used in sub centre, their action dosages
- Demonstration of administration of medication by different routes
- · Drug study

E. First Aid and Referral

Theory - 25 hrs.

Demonstration - 35 hrs.

Total - 60 hrs.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected		Teaching
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Teaching - Learning Activities
1.	2	7	 Understand principle of first aid care Use first aid kit Demonstrate different type of bandages 	Need for First Aid Principles of first aid Mobilization of resources Fist aid kit & supplies. Bandages: Types. Uses Principles and methods of bandaging	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Practice session.
2.	10	5	Demonstrate first aid care for Cuts and wounds, Foreign bodies, Burns and scalds Health education and referral	Minor Injuries and ailments Cuts and wounds: types, principles and first aid care Foreign bodies Burns and scalds types, principles and first aid care Health education and referral Role of ANM/health worker	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Practice session Supervised clinical practice. Health education
3.	5		 Identify different bones Describe types of fracture 	Fractures • Skeletal system and different bones.	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Practice

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected		Teaching - Learning Activities
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	
			 Apply splints and bandages Transfer fractured patients correctly. 	 Fractures: Types, Causes, signs and symptoms, first aid care, Methods of immobilization and transportation. 	session
4.	8	15	Follow principles of first aid and provide care in different emergencies	Conditions Bleeding Drowning Strangulation, suffocation and asphyxia Loss of consciousness Cardio respiratory arrest Convulsions	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Nasal pack Apply tourniquet. BLS-demonstration. Insertion of naso gastric tube Practice session

- · Demonstration of following:
 - 1. Wound care
 - 2. Splints, slings, bandages
 - 3. Transportation of casualties
 - 4 BLS
 - 5. Naso gastric tube insertion
 - 6. Care during different emergencies

CHILD HEALTH NURSING

Theory - 75 hours

Demonstration - 110 hours

Total - 185 hours

Learning objectives:

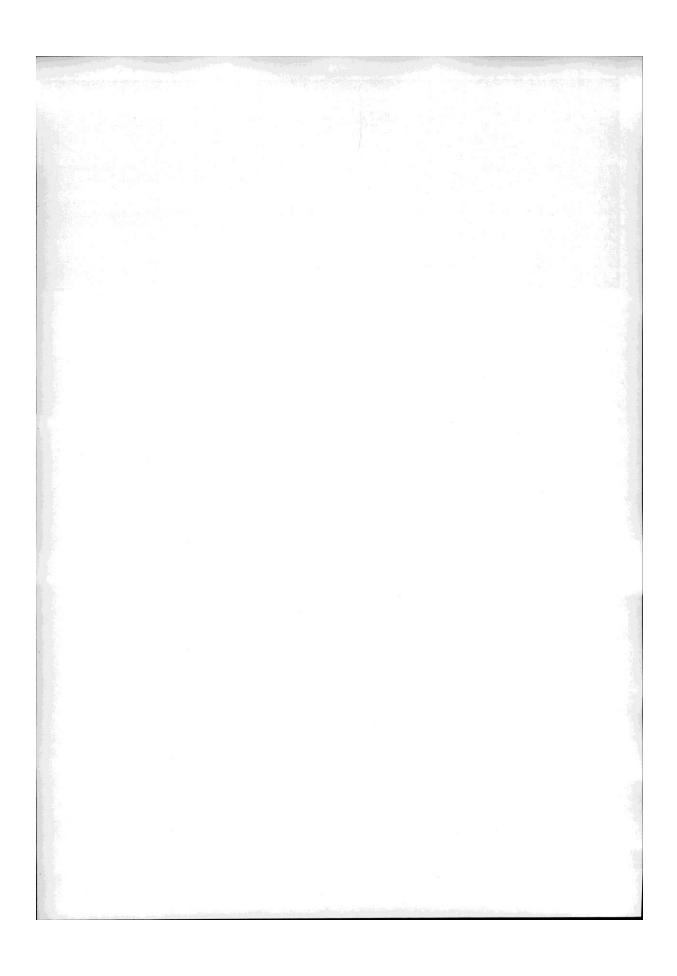
On completion of the course the student will be able to:

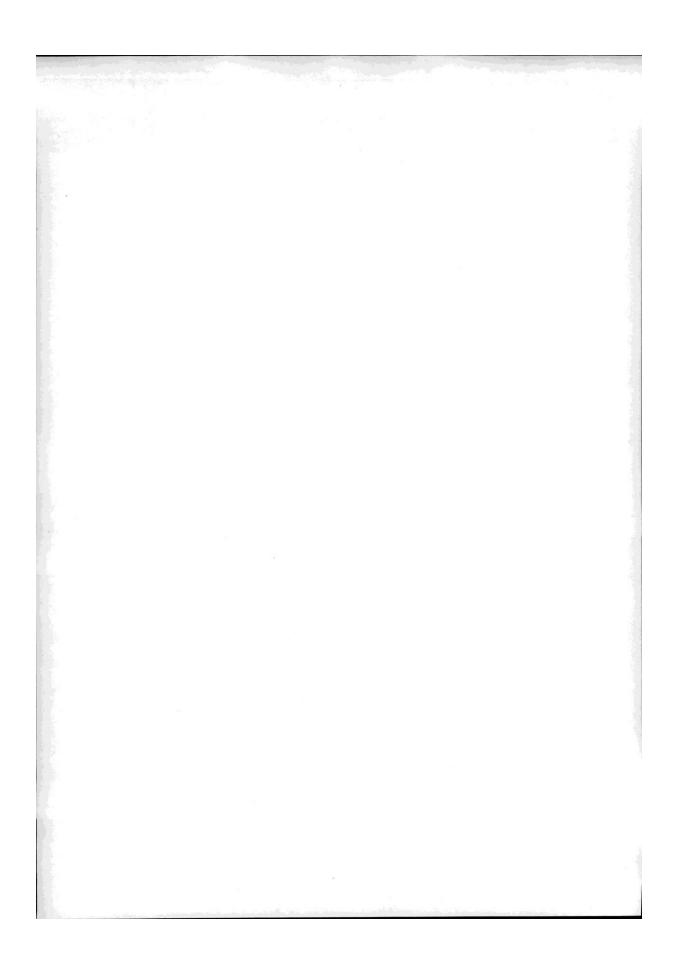
- 1. Assess growth and development of a child at different ages.
- 2. Describe nutritional needs of different age groups of children.
- 3. Provide care to sick children during their common illness.
- 4. Describe school health programme
- 5. Describe 'Rights' of children
- 6. Educate mothers and family member as per need of their children.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contolica	Learning Activities
1.	20	20	Assess growth and development in infants and children Maintain 'road to health' chart Explain the needs of a child Describe the care of a normal child State the common accidents in children and their protection	Growth & development Introduction to Growth and development Factors affecting growth and development Growth and development Growth and development in infants and children: Assessment	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Explain using road to health chart. Health education Visit a school.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching - Learning	
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Activities	
				 Physical, psychological and social development of children Monitoring and recording of growth and development of infants and children Care of infants and children – play, hygiene, emotional needs training for bowel and urination Accidents: causes, precautions and prevention. Congenital anomalies 		
2.	10	10	Explain the importance of breast feeding Educate mothers regarding breast feeding Explain complimentary feeding Educate for nutrition of children according to age	Nutrition of infants and children • Exclusive Breast feeding • Nutritional requirements • Complementary feeding • Problems of feeding • Breast feeding Counselling • Infant feeding and HIV • Baby friendly hospital initiative	Lecture discussion. Demonstration.	

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected		Teachi
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Teaching -
3.	5	10	 Describe the rights of children State the steps for prevention of child labour and child abuse. 	Children's Rights Convention of Rights of the Child Prevention of child labour Abuse and legal protection Special care of girl child.	Lecture discussion. Survey the areas where child labour is used in the community.
4.	10		 Provide care to the sick children Identify the signs and symptoms of common childhood disorders Identify signs of high risk in case of ARI and Diarrhoea Educate mother and family members regarding prevention of illness. 	Care of the sick child Common childhood disorders: Signs, symptoms and management. Vaccine for preventable diseases Acute Respiratory tract infections Diarrhoea vomiting, constipation Tonsillitis and mumps Ear infections Worm infestation Accidents and injuries Skin infections Fever - malaria, measles.	discussion. Explain using charts. Preparation of ORS at clinic/ home Demonstration. Explain using slide.

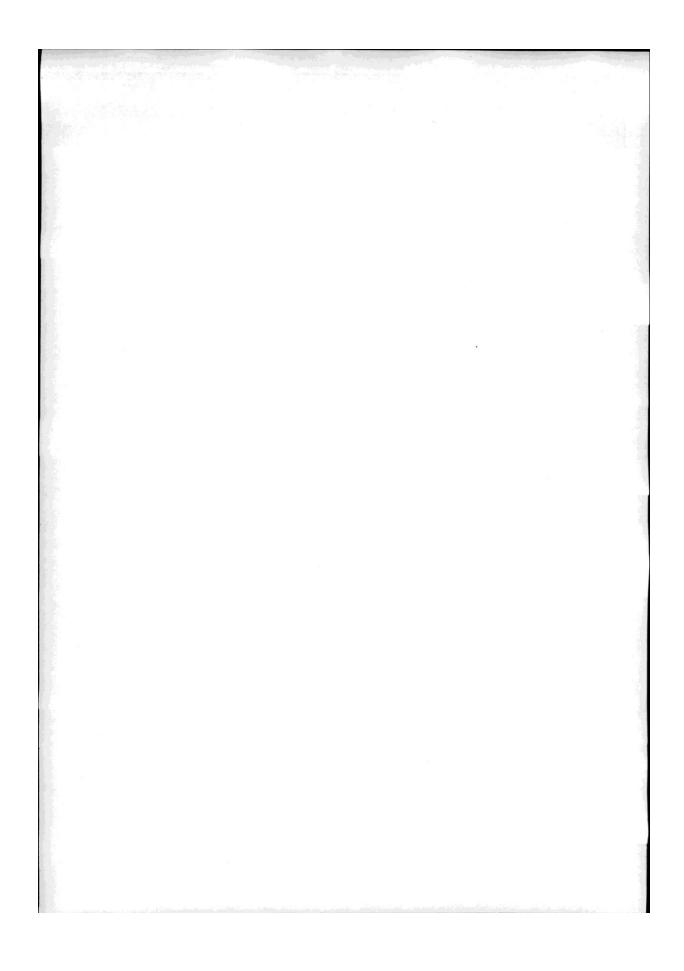




Unit	Unit Time	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contonia	Learning Activities
5.	15	20	Assess the school child Need based counselling of children, teacher and parents.	Care of School children School health: Objectives, problems and programmes Environment of school Assessment of general health of school children Dental and eye problems Nutritional deficiencies School health education for children Need based sharing of health information with teachers/ parents/children Records and reports	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Health education.
6.	5	5	Explain the various changes in the adolescents	Care of adolescents Physical growth during adolescence Emotional and behavioural changes in girls and boys Special needs of adolescents. Sex education for adolescents Counselling	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Explain using charts and models.

Unit	Time (Hrs.)		.) Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
7.	10	10	Discuss the special needs of girl child Explain the effect girl child discrimination in the family and community Counsel mother and community on need for care of a girl child	Care of adolescent girls Menstruation and menstrual hygiene Special nutritional needs Early marriage and its affects Adolescent girls: pregnancy and abortion Preparing for family life- pre marital counseling. Role of ANM/female health worker	 Explain using charts. Health education.

- Case studies
 - Breast feeding techniques
 - Preparation of ORS
 - · Preparation of complementary feeds
 - · Assessment of growth and development of children
 - Assessment of common childhood illnesses in infant, children and adolescent
 - · Poster on:
 - Growth and development
 - Prevention of common accidents in children
 - Menstrual cycle.
 - Physical changes in adolescence



MIDWIFERY

Theory - 200 hours

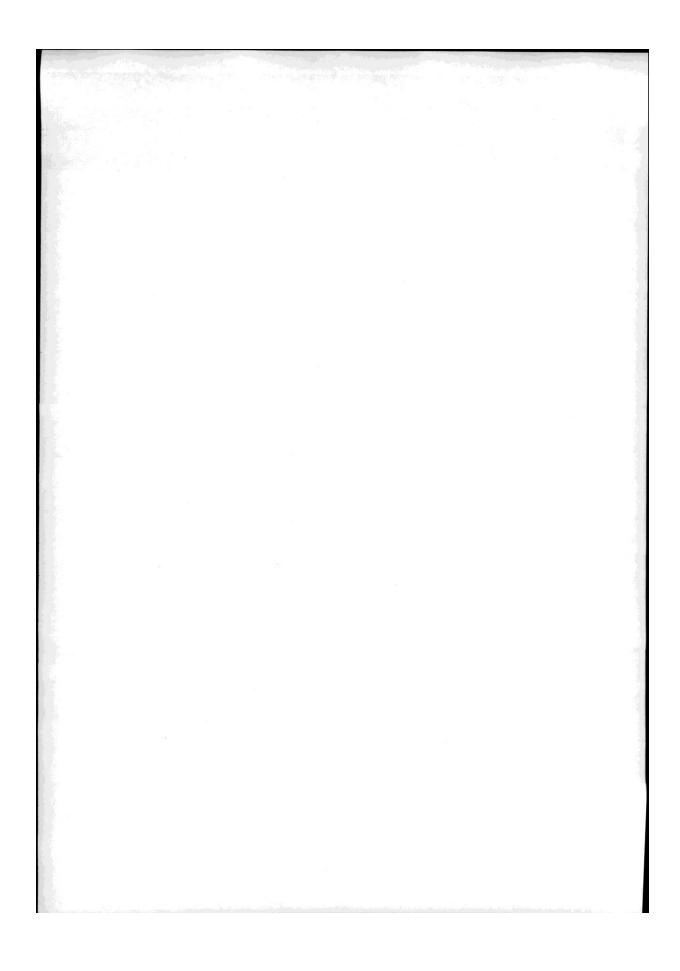
Demonstration - 160 hours

Total - 360 hours

Learning objectives:

On completion of the course the student will be able to:

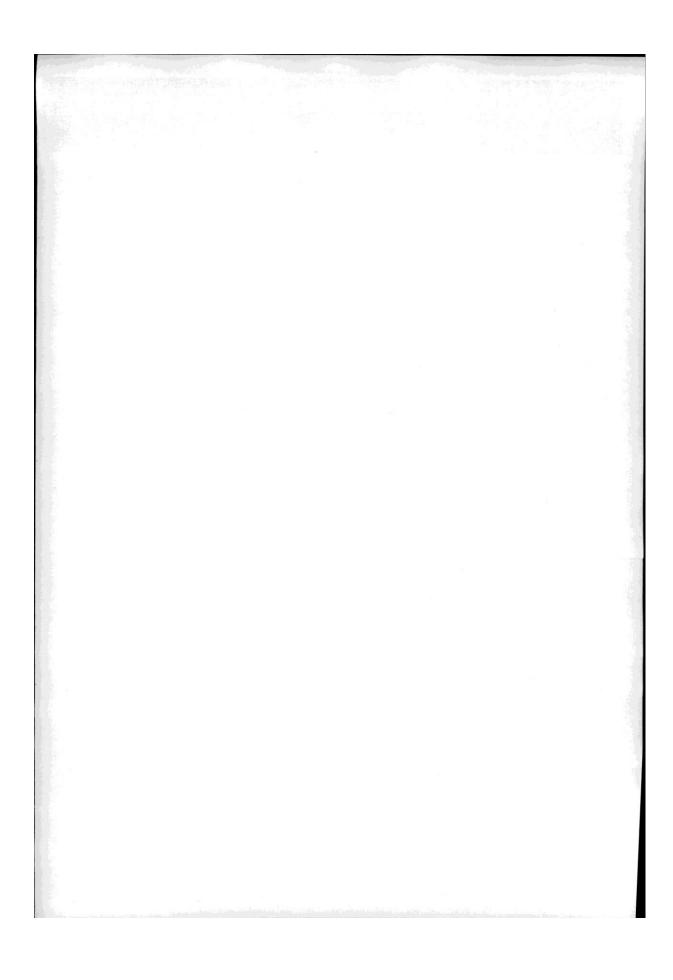
- 1. Describe male and female reproductive organs.
- 2. Explain process of conception and foetal development
- 3. Describe female pelvis and the muscles involved in delivery of foetus.
- 4. Conduct normal delivery and provide care to the newborn.
- Provide care to pregnant mother during ante, intra and post natal period at home and hospital.
- Provide need based counselling to the mother and to her family during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Resuscitate the high risk new born baby
- Identify high-risk pregnancies and refer them immediately for safe motherhood.
- 9. Identify deviation from normal labour in time and take necessary action.
- 10. Provide adequate care identifying abnormal puerperium.
- 11. Administer the drugs as per the protocols
- 12. Educate community for improving quality of life of the family.
- 13. Promote improvement in the status of women in society
- 14. Identify women's health problem and provide guidance and support.
- 15. Provide care and guidance to women with reproductive health problems.
- 16. Participate in reproductive health and family welfare programmes.



Unit Tin		e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
1.	8		Describe structure and functions of female reproductive system Describe structure and functions of male reproductive system	Human Reproductive System • Female reproductive organs – structure and function • Menstrual cycle • Male reproductive organs structure and functions • Process of conception	discussion.
2.	6	2	 Describe female pelvis and its diameters and relation to foetal skull Explain the muscles and ligaments of the pelvic floor Describe foetal skull 	Female Pelvis and foetal skull Structure of the pelvic bones-types of pelvis Pelvic diameters Muscles and ligaments of pelvic floor Foetal skull: bones, diameters, sutures, size, shape, moulding, skull areas, fontanelles	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using models, charts, slides and films.
3.	5	5	 Explain growth and development of foetus Describe placenta, membrane and umbilical cord and their development State the functions of placenta, 	Foetus and placenta Growth and development of foetus, foetal sac and amniotic fluid and foetal circulation and changes after birth Structure and functions of	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using placenta, membrane, specimens Practice session

Unit Tim		e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	COMICALS	Learning Activities
			membranes and cord.	placenta, membranes and umbilical cord and abnormalities Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	
4.	10	5	Describe signs and symptoms of normal pregnancy Describe various tests for conformation of pregnancy Describe physiological changes during pregnancy Provide Care for minor ailments of pregnancy.	Normal pregnancy Signs and symptoms of pregnancy various diagnostic tests for conformation of pregnancy Physiological changes during pregnancy Minor ailments during pregnancy and their management Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using Models and Charts.
5.	10	8	 Provide antenatal care Provide need-based information and guidance. Advise diet and nutrition for the pregnant mothers Identify risk factors and refer on time. 	Antenatal Care Registration Taking history of a pregnant woman. Physical examination, investigation - routine and specific Prophylactic medications	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Practice session. Supervised clinical practice.

Uni	t Tin	ie (Hrs.)	Expected		Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
			Prepare mother for delivery	 Need based health information and guidance Nutrition in pregnancy Special needs of a pregnant woman. Involvement of husband and family. Identification of high risks cases and referral Preparation of mother for delivery. Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare 	
6.	10	8	 Identify signs and symptoms of normal labour Demonstrate the mechanism of labour Detect a normal lie and presentation of foetus. Identify deviation from normal progress of labour Demonstrate plotting of t partograph 	Normal Labour Onset and stages of labour, physiological changes Changes in Uterine muscles, and cervix Lie. attitude, position, denominator and presentation of foetus. Foetal skull. Mechanisms of labour Identification of high risk cases,	Lecture discussion. Demonstration Witness normal delivery Explain using partograph.



Unit '	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
				foetal distress and maternal distress during labour • Partograph in the management of the normal labor Role of ANM/Female health worker and referral Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	
7.	12	15	Use partograph and perform Per Vagina examination. Assist and conduct child birth Resuscitate newborn Deliver the placenta Provide care to mother and newborn throughout delivery Perform necessary recordings	 History of labour Importance of five 'C's Monitoring progress of labour with partograph preparation for delivery Care of mother in 	sides partograph. Supervised clinical practice Practice session Case study.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
				action, side effects, precautions, role and responsibilities of ANM/FHW Delivery of placenta and examination of placenta Care of mother in third and fourth stage: Recognise degrees of tear and appropriate care and referral Establishment of breast feeding, exclusive breast feeding Kangaroo mother care Baby friendly hospital initiative Record childbirth and ensure birth registration Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	
8.	10	10	 Perform postnatal assessment Identify deviations from normal puerperium and take necessary care. Establish breast feeding. 	Normal puerperium Physiological Changes during postnatal period Postnatal assessment Minor ailments during puerperium and their management	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Supervised clinical practice

Uni	t Tin	Time (Hrs.) Expected			
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Teaching - Learning Activities
			Provide need based information and counselling	 Care of mother-die rest, exercise, hygiene Management of breast feeding. Prophylactic medicines Special needs of postnatal women Need based health education. Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare 	et,
9.	10	•	Give immunization as per routine Care for new -born with common minor disorders	Care of New-born Assessment of new-born for gestation age, risk status and abnormalities Neonatal resuscitation Monitoring of vital signs and birth weight Management of normal new-born and common minor disorders. Exclusive Breast feeding and management Temperature maintenance, kangaroo mother care Immunization	a Domanatati

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs	Expected		Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
				 Care of newborn: Jaundice, infection respiratory problems Principles of prevention of infection Educating mother to look after babies. Integrate accepted practices of AYUSH Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare 	
10.	5	10	 Identify a pre term / LBW baby and fulfill the special needs. Provide care required during special conditions in a new-born Guide in home care of a high risk new - born 	 Pre term / Low Birth weight babies. Special needs of high risk babies Care at home – referral and follow 	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using charts.

Unit		(Hrs.) Demo	Expected outcomes	Contents	Teaching - Learning Activities
11.	10	3	Define MMR & IMR State the components of RCH programme Explain preventive measures for safe motherhood Safe mother-hood	 Concept and cause 	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using charts.
12	10	5	Identify high risk pregnancies Refer them in time Counsel and involve husband and fami members in high risk pregnancies	e pregnancies:	Lecture discussion. Case study – 2 Supervised clinical practice. Demonstration

Unit	Time			Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
				Role of ANM/Female Health worker Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	
13.	15	10	Identify abnormalities of pregnancy in time Refer to correct place in time State the diseases that can affect during pregnancy	Abnormalities of pregnancy Common abnormalities of pregnancy: hyperemesis gravidarum, leaking and bleeding per vagina Anaemia of pregnant woman Eclampsia and pre eclampsia and toxaemia of pregnancy Indication of premature rupture of membranes, prolonged labour, anything requiring manual intervention. UTI, puerperal sepsis. Obstetrical shocks: Uterine abnormalities, ectopic pregnancy Discases complication pregnancy – TB, diabetes. Hypertension	Lecture discussion. Demonstration.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
				Infections during pregnancy – RTI/STIs malaria, HIV. AIDS Rh factor Standing orders and protocols Role of ANM/Female Health worker Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	
14.	5	5	 Identify types of abortion Prepare mother for termination of pregnancy Counsel for safe abortion. 	Abortion Types of abortion, causes of abortion Need for safe abortion – referral Complications of abortions Medical termination of pregnancy Care of woman who had abortion Role of ANM/Health worker Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	Lecture discussion. Suprarenal Clinical practice Observation. Demonstration.

Jnit	Tim	e (Hrs.)		Contents	Teaching - Learning
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Activities
15.	10	10	Identify deviations from normal child birth and refer in time Provide Care to the mother in emergency and while transferring to hospital. Mobilise support from the family and community.	Abnormal childbirth Common abnormalities of childbirth Abnormal presentations Abnormal uterine actions Cephalo pelvic disproportion Prolonged labour Identification, immediate management and referral Emergency care of mother during transfer to hospital. Role of ANM/Female health worker Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Explain using through birth Atlas and charts. Explain using partograph.
16.	10	10	 Provide emergency care at the time of haemorrhage Identify the cause of different PPH. Identify causes of complications during puerperium and render adequate care. 	Abnormal Puerperium Postpartum Postpartum Abnormal Postpartum Abnormal Puerperium Puerperal sepsis And its Management Retention of urine Breast Complications during lactation and their management	Lecture discussion. Explain using charts through charts different types of PPH.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)			Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
				Psychiatric complications Role of ANM/Female health worker Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	
17.	5	5	Assist in various surgical intervention in the mother during labour Render care to mothers pre & post operatively in surgical intervention.	Surgical Intervention Assisting in the followings: Induction of labour and its management Forceps and Vacuum extraction Episiotomy and suturing Craniotomy Caesarean section Pre and post operative care. Role of ANM/ Female health worker Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	Lecture discussion. Demonstration.
18.	5	5	 Able to identify various medicines during child birth for mother and child. Understand their 	Medications used in midwifery • Pain relieving drugs • Anaesthetic drugs • For uterine contractions	 Lecture discussion. Visit labour room. Demonstration. Any study any book.

Uni	t Tim	e (Hrs.	.) Expected		Tanaki	
	Th.	Demo		Contents	Teaching - Learning Activities	
			action and care needed for the mother. • State the dosage of these medicines for mother and child.	 For controlling bleeding For preventing postnatal infection. For preventing eclampsia Antibiotics IV fluids Role of ANM/ Female health worker Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare 		
19.	3		Describe the concept of quality of life Explain how quality of life affects life expectancy and peoples health Describe role of education on quality of life	Life cycle approach Quality of life and life expectancy People's health throughout the life cycle Role of education economic status, social status on quality of life Holistic approach to life. Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare	• Lecture discussion.	
20.	5	- 4	women in Indian	Status of women and empowerment Status of women in society	Lecture discussion. Demonstration.	

Unit		e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching - Learning
	Th.	Demo	Ouccomes		Activities
			Enumerate factors affecting women status Describe the importance of women's health Explain the programmes for empowering women in the society.	status – gender bias, sex selection tests, female foeticide and infanticide sex ratio discrimination and exploitation	 Visit family of an under privileged group. Group discussion.
21	1. 10	10	 Explain the complications related to child birth. Identify common and emergency complications and provide care 	Women's health problems • Complications related to childbirth - VVF, RVF, prolapse and incontinence.	Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Case study of a women at menopause

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected		Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
			Take pap smear	 Cervical erosion and leucorrhoea pruritus Cancers - cervical and breast: Pap smear for detection of cancer cervix Tumours - fibroids Menstrual disorders Menopause and its implications. Refer SBA module of Ministry of health and Family Welfare 	
22.	6	4	 Describe causes signs and symptoms of STI and RTI Describe the treatment for the STI's and RTI Education on prevention and treatment of RTI's and STIs 	RTIs and STIs Causes and signs and symptoms of STIs and RTIs Syndromic approach for treatment Referral treatment and follow up care. Information, education and communication for prevention and treatment.	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Health education. Case study.
23.	6		Explain the cause, effect and prognosis of HIV/AIDS Counsel the HIV positive persons	Epidemiological facts related to	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Explain HIV/AIDS through charts and models.

Unit	Time (Hrs.)		Expected	Contents	Teaching -	
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities	
			Explain home care for HIV/AIDS patients	Effect on immunity and signs and symptoms	Role/play.	
				 The AIDS patient community support and home care 	4	
				 Counselling: process and techniques 		
				 Counselling of HIV positive patients and pregnant women. 		
				 Standard safety measures 		
				Voluntary counseling and testing center (VCTC) / Integrated counseling and testing center (ICTC) activities		
				 Care continuum and Anti Retro viral Therapy(ART) 		
				Prevention of parent to child transmission (PPTCT): prophylaxis and breast feeding guidelines		

Unit	Time	e (Hrs.)	Expected outcomes	Contents	Teaching - Learning Activities
	Th.	Demo			
24.	2	2	 Identify cases of infertility Provide counselling to infertile couples Refer and provide follow up care to infertility cases. 	Infertility Classification and Causes of infertility in male and female Investigation and treatment Identification of couples. counselling, referral and follow up. Role of ANM/ Female Health worker	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Explain using charts and posters. Case study.
25.	4.	3	 Explain the impact of population explosion specially on health Enumerate Birth Rate, Death Rate, Net Reproductive Rate etc. Describe the scope of Family Welfare programme. Discuss trends in health and family welfare programmes 	Population Education Population trends in India Vital statistics birth and death rates, growth rate, NRR, fertility rate, couple protection rate, family size. National family Programme trends and changes RCH-I, RCH-II programme and NRHM Target free approact for FW Role of mass media and IEC Role of ANM/health worker	Explain using vital statistics.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching - Learning Activities
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	
26.	8	5	 Prepare eligible couple register Describe the different methods of contraception and their effects. Provide guidance to the adopters Provide need based counselling related to contraception. 	Family welfare Identification of eligible couples and those need contraceptive methods. Information related to contraception and importance of choice. Natural and temporary methods of contraception Permanent methods New methods norplant and injectables. Emergency contraception Follow up of contraceptive users. Counselling Role of ANM/female Health worker	Lecture discussion. Demonstration Case study. Health education

- Taking of history and antenatal examination.
- Demonstration of vaginal examination
- Plotting of partograph during labour
- · Return demonstration of normal delivery using five 'C's
- Demonstration of perineal care
- Essential Care of newborn
- · Apgar score and resuscitation of a new born baby.
- · Health education on exclusive breast-feeding

- Midwifery case book.
- Demonstration of immunization
- · Drug book
- Records and reports
- Case studies
- Preparation of posters on methods of Family Welfare
- Demonstration of IUCD insertion.
- Information Education and Communication
- Calculation for vital indicators

HEALTH CENTER MANAGEMENT

Total - 80 hours

Theory - 40 hours

Demonstration - 40 hours

Learning objectives:

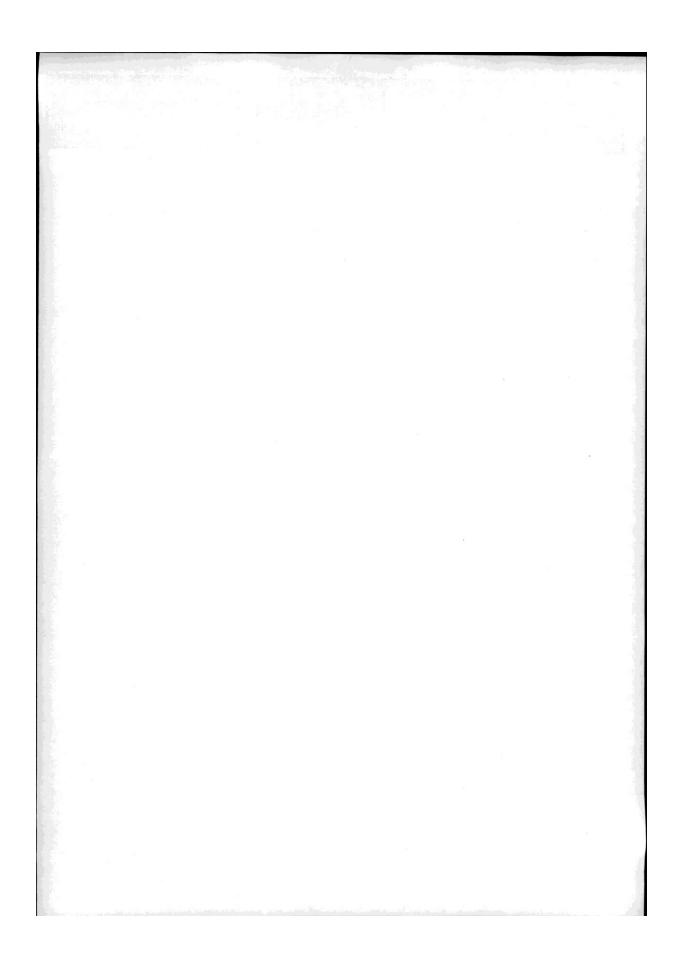
On completion of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Organise sub center and clinics to carry out scheduled activities.
- 2. Indent and maintain necessary stock
- 3. Participate in the implementation of National health programmes
- 4. Update knowledge and skills
- 5. Provide guidance to TBA, AWW, ASHA and other voluntary health workers.
- 6. Collaborate and coordinate with other health team members and agencies
- 7. Maintain records and reports

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)	Expected	Contents	Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Learning Activities
1.	10	5	 Organize and set up a sub centre Prepare a sub centre activity plan Conduct meetings Conduct clinics at sub centre. Display health messages. 	The sub center Organization of functions and facilities of subcentre Subcentre activity plans Conduct a clinic and special programs and follow up	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration. Visit sub centre Attend a clinic at the sub centre.

Unit	Tim	e (Hrs.)		Contents	Teaching - Learning	
	Th.	Demo	outcomes		Activities	
				 Conducting meetings and counselling sessions. Sub centre action plan Information, education and communication Display of messages 		
2.	4	10	Write indents and stock position Prepare weekly and monthly reports.	Maintenance of stocks Maintenance of supplies, drugs, equipment, stock, indenting. Calculation of indent as per population requirement Management information and evaluation system(MIES) Maintenance of records. Reports of subcentre.	 Lecture discussion. Explain using stock register, indents etc to monthly reports of the students. Calculation of indent as per population requirement Explain the various records 	
3.	6	5	Establish co- ordination with different organization working in the area.	Co- ordination Inter-sectoral co- ordination Co-ordination with school teachers.	Lecture discussion. Visit local govt departments, NGOs and	

Unit	t Tim	e (Hrs.	Expected		Teaching -
	Th.	Demo	outcomes	Contents	Learning Activities
			Demonstrate good relationship with them.	ASHA, anganwadi workers, panchaya • Role of NGOs and co-ordination with government departments.	discuss their programs.
4.	10	10	Enumerate the National Health programs Describe the role of ANM in these programs.	Implementation of national health program National Health programs and the role of the ANM Detection, referral, treatment and follow up of cases of malaria, leprosy tuberculosis, blindness, goiter.	Lecture discussion. Visit a TB and a leprosy patient and observe DOTS program and MDT carried out by health workers.
5.	10	10		Update knowledge Continuing education for self development – circulars, hand- outs, meetings, journals. Methods of self development Interacting with community Improving writing speaking abilities in local language and English	 Lecture discussion. Demonstration Role/play Exercise on Reading Summerisation Comprehension Practice in public speaking.



- · Detection of tuberculosis, malaria, leprosy etc
- Assignment on records and reports maintained at sub centre.
- Peer group teaching on DOTS & MDT.
- Participation of national health programmes at CHC/PHC/SC
- Assignment on organization of sub-centre/clinics